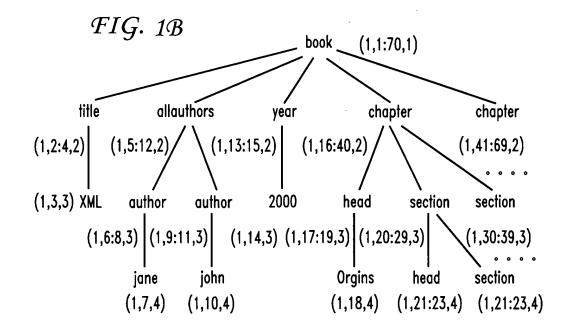
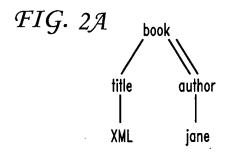




FIG. 1A

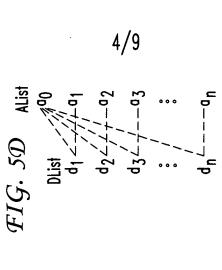
```
<book>
   <title> XML </title>
   <all authors>
      <author> jane </author>
      <author> john </author>
   </allauthors>
   <year> 2000 </year>
   <chapter>
      <head> Origins </head>
       <section>
          <head> ...</head>
          <section> ...</section>
       </section>
      <section> ...</section>
   </chapter>
   <chapter> ...</chapter>
</book>
```

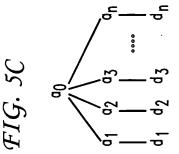


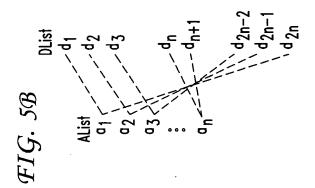


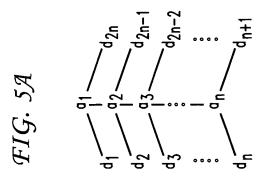


```
Algorithm tree-merge-Desc (AList, DList)
/* Assume that all nodes in AList and DList have the same DocId */
/* Alist is the list of potential ancestors, in sorted order of StartPos */
/* DList is the list of potential descendants in sorted order of StartPos */
begin-anc = AList->firstNode; OutputList = NULL;
for (d = DList->firstNode; d != NULL; d = d->nextNode) {
  for (a = begin-anc; (a != NULL && a.EndPos < d.StartPos); a = a->nextNode) {
      /* skipping over unmatchable a's */ }
   begin-anc = a;
  for (a = begin-anc; (a != NULL && a.StartPos); a = a->nextNode) {
      if ( (a.StartPos < d.StartPos) && (d.EndPos < a.EndPos)
             [&& (d.LevelNum = a.LevelNum + 1)]) 
         /* the optional condition is for parent-child relationships */
         append (a,d) to OutputList; {
  }
}
```



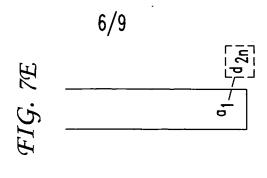


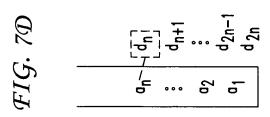




```
Algorithm Stack-Tree-Desc (AList, DList)
/* Assume that all nodes in AList and DList have the same DocId */
/* AList is the list of potential ancestors, in sorted order of StartPos */
/* DList is the list of potential descentants in sorted order of StartPos */
a = AList->firstNode; d = Dlist->firstNode; OutputList = NULL;
while (the input list are not empty or the stack is not empty) {
   if ( (a.StartPos > stack->top.EndPos) && (d.StartPos > stack->top.EndPos) ) {
      /* time to pop the top element in the stack */
      tuple = stack->pop(); }
   else if (a.StartPos < d.StartPos) {
      stack->push (a)
      a = a->nextNode {
   else }
      for (al = stack->bottom; al != NULL; al = al->up) {
          append (al,d) to OutputList
      d = d->nextNode
}
```

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$$FIG. 7C$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} d_{1} \\ d_{2} \\ d_{1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} d_{1} \\ d_{1} \\ d_{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$FIG. 7A$$

$$FIG. 7A$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{9} - \frac{42n}{42n-1}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{93}{9} - \frac{42n-1}{42n-2}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{9}{9} - \frac{42n-1}{9}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{9}{9} - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{9}{9} - \frac{1}{3}$$

```
Algorithm Stack-Tree-Anc (AList, DList)
/* Assume that all nodes in AList and DList have the same DocId */
/* AList is the list of potential ancestors, in sorted order of StartPos */
/* DList is the list of potential descentants in sorted order of StartPos */
a = AList->firstNode; d = Dlist->firstNode; OutputList = NULL;
while (the input list are not empty or the stack is not empty) }
   if ( (a.StartPos > stack->top.EndPos) && (d.StartPos > stack->top.EndPos) ) {
      /* time to pop the top element in the stack */
      tuple = stack->pop(); }
      if (stack->size == 0) { /* we just popped the bottom element */
          append tuple.inherit-list to OutputList }
       else }
          append tuple.inherit-list to tuple.self-list
          append the resulting tuple.self-list to stack->top.inherit-list
   else if (a.StartPos < d.StartPos) {
      stack->push (a)
      a = a->nextNode {
   else }
      for (al = stack->bottom; al != NULL; al = al->up) {
          if (al == stack->bottom) append (al,d) to OutputList
          else append (al,d) to the self-list of al
      d = d->nextNode
```

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### FIG. 9

### FIG. 9A

Node	Count
manager	25,880
departmaent	342,450
employee	574,530
email	250,530

## FIG. 9B

Query	XQuery Path Expression	Result Cardinality
QS1	employee/email	140,700
QS2	employee//email	142,958
QS3	manger/department	16,855
QS4	manager//department	587,137
QS5	manager/employee	17,259
QS6	manager//employee	990,774
QC1	manager/employee/email	7,990
QC2	manager//employee/email	232,406

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FIG. 10

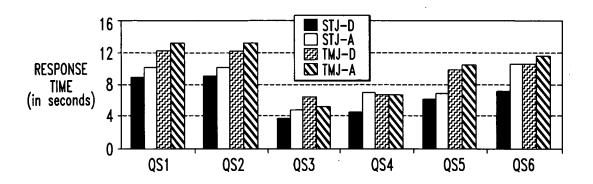


FIG. 11

